To all Free-Holders, and other Electors for the Ensuing PARLIAMENT.

BSIDE the many other Mischiefs which would have followed, if the Bill to prevent Occasional Conformity bad passed, it would in Course bave turn'd out a considerable Number of Officers in the Army, and Navy, who would rather have laid down their Commissions, than be bound under the Penalty of losing their Offices, and Paying an heavy Fine to boot, never to go, upon any Occasion what seever, to any Differers-Meeting: By which means, the QUEEN would have been depriv'd of the Service of many of Her Able Commanders, than which, scarce any thing could, as the War now stands, have been more Hurtful to England, or more Advantagious and Welcome to France. And fince they who carried on that BILL, owere not only sharp-fighted enough of Themselves to have foreseen this Danger, but even after it was shewn them, drove on shat BILL the more eagerly; it is thence evident, that their ill-will to their Moderate Neighbours, had fo far prevail'd upon them, as to engage them to promote that which apparently favour'd the Interest and Arms of France; to the great bazard of the Ruin of sheir Native Country, England.

Wherefore, it greatly behoves all Electors at the next Choice, to take especial Care that they do not put any, who did appear for that BILL, into a Capacity to bring the like Mischief upon this Nation hereafter. This relates to all those that were for that Fatal Bill: And is of it self sufficient to perswade, as well as justifie all Electors, in refusing to trust

any of them with that Power again.

But as for those that were for Tacking that BILL, they Sourced yet an higher and more dangerous Flight; whereby they plainly shewed, that rather than not reak their Spleen upon Differences, they would with hold from the QUEEN the Necessary Supplies of Money which were intended Her, and thereby deprive Her of the Means to either Raise New For-Forces Abroad, and have found an open Passage bither.

Let all True English-Men Consider this well, before it be too Late; lest other-

wife they Repent when it is too Late.

## Some REFLECTIONS upon the foregoing Paper, Emmed, Advice to all Free-Holders, &c.

HAT those other Inconveniencies were, the Author of this Paper hints at, his extraordinary Zeal would certainly have unformed us, if he had known them; from whence we may reasonably conclude there were none. And who those Officers are, either at Sea, or Land, that would have laid down their Commissions rather than Conform to the Church of England, even at the Expence of never going to a Diffenter's Meeting, I believe is a pretty hard Matter to make out: For the Officers he speaks of, whether Admirals, Generals, Collonels, Captains, &c. if they are capable of Serving their Queen and Country as they ought, must be Men of Senie, Honour, and Courage: Now, how inconsistent are those Noble and Generous Qualifications, with that mean, low-spirited Vice, Hypocrify? And

that Occasional Conformity is the lowest and basest of all Hypocrisies, has been plainly prov'deby so many several Pens, and is so obvious to every Man of Com mon Understanding, that it would be mif-spending Time and Paper, to enter upon that Debate.

But that our Author is in the right, when he says, That the Persons who were for the Bill to prevent Occasional Conformity, did promote the Interest and Arms of France, is undeniable; and the Battel of Blenbeim is a very good Instance of it: Where his Grace, the Duke of Marlborough, was so kind to the French Generals, that he lent them his own Coach in the Day of Battel; so fond of their Conversation, as to bring them over into England with him; and so delighted with the Pomp and Pageantry of the French Army, that he thought sit to adorn Westminster-ball with a considerable part of their Colours and Standards; Favours that will never be forgotten in France, because they were done by a Man who was openly so; the Decastonal Bill, to the bazard of the Ruin of his Native Country, England.

And now, Gentlemen, (to use our Eloquent Author's own Words) It behoves you at your next Choice, not to put any who were for that Bill, into a Capacity to bring the like

at your next Choice, not to put any who were for that Bill, into a Capacity to bring the like Mischief upon you bereafter. But since our Author has not thought sit to tell you what that Mischief was, and how brought upon you, give me leave to inform you, That the Persons who were for the Bill, being a very great Majority in the House of Commons, had it in their Power to bring in, and carry what Bills they thought fit: Now by virtue of this Power, they disposed of your Money, (tho' not without an equal proportion of their own ): But to what end was this done? Why to put it in the Duke of Mar-'s Power to make a Compliment to France. They also (which was barbarous, and never to be forgiven them) took care their Money should be ft, duly apply'd, and as far as in them lay, call'd all those Persons to an Account, who had either imbezel'd or misapply'd any part of it: But our Honest Friends in the House, the Occasional Conformists, did all they could to prevent this hard and severe Usage: And good reason they had for it; for all the Persons that had been guilty of these Misapplications, were of their own Party, and the Party (you know) always hangs together, or at least ought to do so.

So much for that Fatal Bill: Now for the Tackers of it: Those High-Flyers, that rather than not reak their Spleen upon Dissenters, would with-hold from the Queen the necessary Supplies of Money that were intended Her. This is a Terrible Accusation, and

if true, I pray Gentlemen oppose them every where.

But first let's hear what they have to say for themselves. Why truly they say, The Bill neither could, nor was intended to hurt the Differences, for they always keep to their Separate Congregations, and never Communicate occasionally, unless for Places of Burthen, Imposed upon them; in which cases, they are by the Test-Att obliged, under very severe Penalties, to qualifie themselves. But by this Bill they would have been assed of their there being a Clause in the Pill they would have been eased of that, there being a Clause in the Bill, exempting all Persons who cannot qualifie themselves, from serving in Places of Burthen or Expence: So that this Bill would have affected none but fuch Hypocrites as hang hovering between the Church of England and Dissenters, and who would be of any, or of no Religion, rather than lose an Opportunity of getting Preferment. And as to With-holding the Queen's Money, when there is so much occasion for it, they really thought that a speedy passing of the Money-Bills, had been the readiest way to raise Money for Publick Uses; and a quicker dispatch of Business of that kind, no House of Commons ever made, (for which they had the Queen's Thanks): And if the Land-Tax Bill had been Tack'd, it had passed that House yet sooner; and if it had not gone further, the Fault had lain somewhere else.

Now, Gentlemen, if all this be true, (and indeed I fee no reason to question it), then the Accusation is false and unjust in every part of it; and if so, all true Englishmen will be for doing Right to the Injur'd, and Vote for those Gentlemen who have been scandalously aspersed for serving their Queen and Country faith-

